

Lagrange's Four Square Theorem

January 15, 2016

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Warmup Problems

1. If 23 is written as the sum of the squares of 4 positive integers (not necessarily different), what is the largest square in this sum?
NYML 2015 2-1
2. How many ways can you express 73 as the sum of the squares of 4 positive integers?
3. Are the following statements true or false? Justify your answer.
 - "All positive integers can be written as the sum of the squares of 2 integers."
 - "All positive integers can be written as the sum of the squares of 3 integers."

Lagrange's Four Squares Theorem

4. Verify the theorem for the first ten integers
5. Expand the following expression and factor the result:

$$(ae + bf + cg + dh)^2 + (af - be + ch - dg)^2 + (ag - bh - ce + df)^2 + (ah + bg - cf - de)^2$$

Theorem 1

If m and n are positive integers that are each the sum of four squares, then their product mn is also the sum of four squares.

Euler's Four-Square Identity

6. Use the identity we just proved to show that 70 can be written as a sum of 4 squares.

Lemma 1

If $2m$ is a sum of two squares, then so is m .

7. Prove Lemma 1

Lemma 2

If p is an odd prime, then there exists an integer $k < p$ such that kp can be written as the sum of four squares of integers.

Theorem 2

Any prime p can be written as the sum of four squares of integers.

There exist integers a, b, c, d such that $p = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$.